

is a collection of 5 verses from the Bible which we recite when we enter the synagogue in the morning.

מה טבר

מה How

מבר good טבר good

מה How

אֹרְלֶיךּ are your tents

אֹרָלֶיךּ are your tents

> יַעֲקֹב Oh Jacob

יֵעֲקֹב O Jacob

מה טבר אֹהְלֶיךְ יַעֲקֹב How good are your tents, O Jacob,

מה טבר אהליד יְעַקֹב How good are your tents, O Jacob,

כּוֹשְׁכְּנֹתֶיךְ your dwelling places

> כוֹשְׁכְנוֹתֶיךְ your dwelling places

יִשְׂרָאֵל O Israel.



The second verse in בֹּה שׁבּה is taken from the book of Psalms (בְּהַהִּלִים) (Psalm 5, verse 6). "With Your great kindness I will enter your יְבָּה your house, and bow toward הֵיבֶל קְּדְשָׁ, the palace of Your holiness." In these first two verses of בֹּיה, the synagogue is referred to in four different ways. These descriptions build in majesty, beginning with הֵיבֶל קְּדְשָׁרְּ, "your tent," then הֵיבֶל קְּדְשָׁרְ "your house" and finally הֵיבֶל קְּדְשָׁרְ "the palace of your holiness."

מַה טֹבוּ אֹהָלֶיךּ יַצְלְב, מִשְׁכְּנֹתֶיךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל. וַאֲנִי בְּרֹב חַסְדְּךּ אָבוֹא בֵיתָךּ, אֶשְׁתַּחֲנָה אֶל הֵיכַל קְדְשְׁךּ בְּיִרְאָתֶדּ. יִי אָהַבְתִּי מְעוֹן בֵּיתֶדּ, וּמְקוֹם מִשְׁכֵּן כְּבוֹדֶדְּ. וַאֲנִי אָשְׁתַּחֲנָה וְאָכְרְעָה, אֶבְרְכְה לִפְנִי יִיְ עֹשִׁי. וַאֲנִי תְּפִלְּתִי לְדְּ יִיְ, עֵת רְצוֹן, אֱלֹהִים בְּרָב חַסְדֶּךְ, עֲנֵנִי בָּאָמֶת יִשְׁעֶדְ.

How good are your tents, O Jacob, and your dwelling places, O Israel. With Your great kindness I will enter Your house and bow toward the palace of Your holiness. Adonai, I love the shelter of Your house, the place of Your glory. I will bow and kneel before Adonai, my Maker. May my prayer to You be at an appropriate time. With Your great kindess, Eternal One, answer me with the truth of Your deliverance.

מה טבר

Key Phrases:

מה טבו אֹהְלֶיךּ יַעֲקֹב, מִשְׁכְּנֹהֶיךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל. How good are your tents, O Jacob, your dwelling places, O Israel.

Key Words



אָהָלֶיךּ יַעֲּקֹב

In the fifth verse of לום (taken from Psalm 69:14) we read, "May my prayer be at a good time." Make this a good time to study by practicing your new words and phrase on the previous page. Then translate into English, below.

טבר	ה	מַ	
	מַה טבוּ		
אֹהֶלֶיךְ	7	אֹהֶל	
	אֹהָלֶידְּ	מה טבו	
	ַרַב רַיִּצַקֹב יַיְצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצַקֹב יַיִּצָּקֹב יַיִּ		
ַ <u></u> מַה טֹבוּ אֹהָלֶיף ַ ַּ			
אָשְׁכְּנהֶיךְ	ָרִשְׁכְּן	Ŧ	
	ַיִשְׂרָאֵל	ŕ	
	ַ יִשְׂרָאֵל	מִשְׁכְנהָין	
	בַּיִת		
ָהָלֶיךּ יַעֲלִב, מִּשְׁכְּנֹתֶיךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל.	מַה טֹבוּ אֹ		

כִּזֹשְׁכְנֹתָיךּ

In Judaism, we try to pray with other people whenever possible. For some prayers, such as the כְּלֵילָם, at least ten adults are required. Ten people present for prayer is called a בְּלֵבֶּין.

The second verse in לוֹבְיל contains ten words. The ten words of this verse are sometimes used as a way of counting to see if there is a לְבָּלְבָּ present. Instead of going 1, 2, 3, we go - לְבָּלְבָּ, בְּרֹב, בְּרַבּ, בְּרַבַּ, בְּרַבַּ,

Class reading game: Memorize the ten words in the second sentence of אַנְיּה or get really comfortable reading them. Then use them to count -- people in your class, objects, pencils, erasers...

- 1. מַה טֹבוּ אֹהָלֶיךּ יַעֲלֹב, מִשְׁכְּנֹתֶיךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל. וַאֲנִי בְּרֹב
- 2. חַסְדָּדָ אָבוֹא בֵיתָדָ, אֶשְׁתַּחֲוֶה אֶל הֵיכַל קְדְשְׁדְּ בְּיִרְאָתֶדְּ.
- 3. יִי אָהַבְתִּי מְעוֹן בִּיתֶדְ, וּמְקוֹם מִשְׁכַּן כְּבוֹדֶדְ.
- 4. וַאֲנִי אֶשְׁתַּחֲנֶה וְאֶכְרָעָה, אֶבְרָכָה לִפְנֵי יְיָ עֹשִׁי.
- 5. וַאֲנִי, תְפִלְּתִי לְּדִּ יְיָ, עֵת רָצוֹן, אֱלֹהִים בְּרָב חַסְדֶּדְ,





In the third verse of לוב מו (Psalm 5:8), we again find the word אַרְיבִּיתָּב, your house. On your way to the synagogue from אָבִיתָּב, your own house, prepare to say שוֹם מוֹם by rehearsing the meanings of some of the prayer's key words. Try the four different paths below with a partner. Read and translate each word you pass. Translate Hebrew words into English, and English words into Hebrew. Have your partner check your answers on page 4 as you travel.





Reading Drill



Just after reciting שַלִּית, those who wear a טַלִּית now put it on with the following בְּרָבָה

- 1. בָרוּך אַתָּה יָיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קּהְשְׁנוּ
 - .2 בְּמִצְוֹתִיו, וְצִוְּנוּ לְהִתְעַמֵּף בַּצִּיצִת.

Praised are You, Adonai our God, Ruler of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your mitzvot, commanding us to wrap ourselves in Tzitzit.

This בְּלֶבְה is often followed by these verses from Psalm 36, which speak of God's love and the riches of God's house.

Can you find the word for "Your house" in this prayer?

- בַה יָּכֶר חַסְּדְּדְ, אֱלֹהִים וּבְנֵי אָּרָם.
- 2. בְצַל בְּנָפֶיך יֶחֶסְיוּן. יִרְוָיִן מִהֶשֶׁן בִּיתֶך,
- 3. וְנַחַל עֲדָגֶידְ תַשְּׁכֵם. כִּי עִמְּדְ מְקוֹר חַיִּים,
- 4. באורד נראה אור. משך הסדד לידעיד,
 - 5. וִצְּדָקָתְדְּ לִיִּשְׂרֵי לֵב.

When you have completed this chapter, and have all למה מבו reading lines checked off, your teacher will give you a sticker!

I have mastered מה טבר

